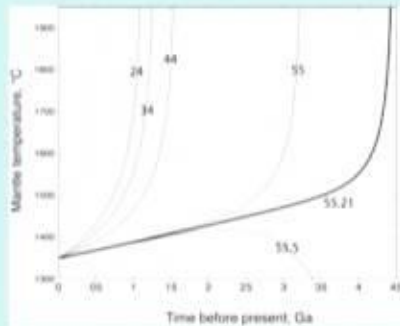


Classical parameterized convection



- Extrapolate from current state
- Need high radioactivity in mantle
- Geochemical estimate (Bulk Silicate Earth is lower)
- Require plate control rate



NASA
Astrobiology
Institute

Director's Seminar Series
9/29/2008 – Norm Sleep



1
00:00:05,780 --> 00:00:03,619
good morning everyone if you're in the

2
00:00:07,700 --> 00:00:05,790
name time zone and good afternoon if

3
00:00:10,430 --> 00:00:07,710
you're in a p.m. time zone welcome to

4
00:00:13,820 --> 00:00:10,440
the new season of the NAI director's

5
00:00:17,480 --> 00:00:13,830
seminar I am really really pleased that

6
00:00:20,720 --> 00:00:17,490
we can kick off the seminar series this

7
00:00:23,090 --> 00:00:20,730
year I I feel think as an academic

8
00:00:25,939 --> 00:00:23,100
obviously the year starts in September

9
00:00:27,740 --> 00:00:25,949
but then again the federal fiscal year

10
00:00:29,750 --> 00:00:27,750
starts in October so we're pretty close

11
00:00:31,460 --> 00:00:29,760
to that too so whatever new year you

12
00:00:33,560 --> 00:00:31,470
want we've got it and Rosh Hashanah the

13
00:00:35,959 --> 00:00:33,570

Jewish New Year is coming up so it's new

14

00:00:38,959 --> 00:00:35,969

year all the way around so at any rate

15

00:00:41,510 --> 00:00:38,969

it's a real pleasure to have norm sleep

16

00:00:45,619 --> 00:00:41,520

with us he's right here at nai central

17

00:00:48,380 --> 00:00:45,629

to present this morning seminar norm as

18

00:00:50,840 --> 00:00:48,390

I think most of you know is a professor

19

00:00:53,869 --> 00:00:50,850

of geophysics at Stanford University he

20

00:00:55,910 --> 00:00:53,879

is a very very distinguished member of

21

00:00:57,410 --> 00:00:55,920

the science community and the DNA I he's

22

00:01:00,349 --> 00:00:57,420

a member of the National Academy of

23

00:01:02,029 --> 00:01:00,359

Sciences he's a fellow of most of the

24

00:01:04,640 --> 00:01:02,039

professional societies that you can

25

00:01:06,080 --> 00:01:04,650

think of the triple-a s the Geological

26

00:01:08,899 --> 00:01:06,090

Society of America and the American

27

00:01:13,719 --> 00:01:08,909

Geophysical Union he's won a fistful of

28

00:01:17,690 --> 00:01:13,729

medals I won't try to list them all his

29

00:01:20,990 --> 00:01:17,700

educational background includes Michigan

30

00:01:24,560 --> 00:01:21,000

State and then masters and PhD in

31

00:01:27,050 --> 00:01:24,570

geophysics from MIT and norm is going to

32

00:01:29,420 --> 00:01:27,060

be speaking with us this morning about a

33

00:01:31,910 --> 00:01:29,430

topic that he's been working on lately

34

00:01:34,520 --> 00:01:31,920

and talked about it apps icon which is

35

00:01:36,859 --> 00:01:34,530

the habitability of super Earths many of

36

00:01:39,260 --> 00:01:36,869

which we anticipate discovering in the

37

00:01:43,840 --> 00:01:39,270

next few years in norm take it away

38

00:01:48,560 --> 00:01:43,850

ok the interest in superest comes about

39

00:01:50,749 --> 00:01:48,570

simply some sciences like the drunk

40

00:01:53,929 --> 00:01:50,759

looking for lost car keys that looks

41

00:01:56,510 --> 00:01:53,939

under the lamppost where it can see we

42

00:01:59,060 --> 00:01:56,520

obviously have a sampling bias of when

43

00:02:02,420 --> 00:01:59,070

you find silicate planets around another

44

00:02:07,690 --> 00:02:02,430

star we're going to be more to find

45

00:02:10,070 --> 00:02:07,700

large ones and small ones the tectonics

46

00:02:13,290 --> 00:02:10,080

especially if we can concentrate on what

47

00:02:15,630 --> 00:02:13,300

may be observable at a distant

48

00:02:19,200 --> 00:02:15,640

and the have ability of these objects

49

00:02:22,710 --> 00:02:19,210

are of interest we have the Earth and

50

00:02:27,420 --> 00:02:22,720

Mars a small silicate planet to provide

51
00:02:30,450 --> 00:02:27,430
at least some analogy in comparison okay

52
00:02:33,990 --> 00:02:30,460
they're basically three things you need

53
00:02:37,680 --> 00:02:34,000
in the recipe for habitability you can't

54
00:02:39,720 --> 00:02:37,690
be too hot or too cold especially if we

55
00:02:42,960 --> 00:02:39,730
consider habitability that can be

56
00:02:46,920 --> 00:02:42,970
observed at a distance we have to have

57
00:02:49,620 --> 00:02:46,930
Rock cycles that are active so we don't

58
00:02:52,050 --> 00:02:49,630
end up with Mars were essentially all

59
00:02:55,080 --> 00:02:52,060
the volatile mats are in the subsurface

60
00:02:59,340 --> 00:02:55,090
are Venus why they're all in the

61
00:03:03,150 --> 00:02:59,350
atmosphere and we need some sort of

62
00:03:15,680 --> 00:03:03,160
chemical disequilibrium so the biota can

63
00:03:19,770 --> 00:03:15,690

have lunch okay what is bad provide

64

00:03:23,580 --> 00:03:19,780

concentrating on super earth we can end

65

00:03:26,970 --> 00:03:23,590

up creating too much nother or gas this

66

00:03:29,580 --> 00:03:26,980

is detectable particularly in transit

67

00:03:33,090 --> 00:03:29,590

we have Neptune as example in our own

68

00:03:38,370 --> 00:03:33,100

solar system we can also get too close

69

00:03:42,420 --> 00:03:38,380

to the star Venus as an example we can

70

00:03:45,510 --> 00:03:42,430

get outside the habitable zone this kind

71

00:03:49,140 --> 00:03:45,520

of renders the object uninhabitable at

72

00:03:51,720 --> 00:03:49,150

the surface but probably habitable in

73

00:03:53,570 --> 00:03:51,730

the subsurface it just becomes hard to

74

00:03:57,090 --> 00:03:53,580

detect

75

00:04:08,250 --> 00:03:57,100

traditionally uninhabitable but non

76

00:04:11,699 --> 00:04:08,260

traditionally habitable what else is bad

77

00:04:13,920 --> 00:04:11,709

we need geochemical cycles as I've

78

00:04:18,320 --> 00:04:13,930

already mentioned and Garr concentrate

79

00:04:22,710 --> 00:04:18,330

us on on the talk Mars is something

80

00:04:25,050 --> 00:04:22,720

where this has happened asteroid impacts

81

00:04:26,310 --> 00:04:25,060

occur infrequently but they can spoil

82

00:04:28,560 --> 00:04:26,320

your day

83

00:04:31,290 --> 00:04:28,570

and we can end up with a planet-wide

84

00:04:33,270 --> 00:04:31,300

ocean which I'll discuss also we can end

85

00:04:36,660 --> 00:04:33,280

up with water world and I'll show this

86

00:04:39,420 --> 00:04:36,670

it's a probable fate of a super earth I

87

00:04:44,580 --> 00:04:39,430

can get different life than on the earth

88

00:04:47,280 --> 00:04:44,590

but not necessarily die up okay we've

89

00:04:51,840 --> 00:04:47,290

had a couple papers recently on plate

90

00:04:55,820 --> 00:04:51,850

tectonics and super earth balance eehh -

91

00:05:00,140 --> 00:04:55,830

all included it was likely O'Neill

92

00:05:05,040 --> 00:05:00,150

Lonardo concluded it was highly unlikely

93

00:05:08,550 --> 00:05:05,050

I'm going to simplify the math and the

94

00:05:11,100 --> 00:05:08,560

derivations things become a nominally

95

00:05:13,770 --> 00:05:11,110

simple if you use gravity rather than

96

00:05:16,200 --> 00:05:13,780

mass as a scaling power you don't have

97

00:05:19,560 --> 00:05:16,210

to carry around mass to all kinds of

98

00:05:24,810 --> 00:05:19,570

fractional powers I'm going to derive

99

00:05:28,470 --> 00:05:24,820

both the Valencia and Lennar Dec neon

100

00:05:30,630 --> 00:05:28,480

Antarctic results some others I'm going

101
00:05:34,110 --> 00:05:30,640
to illustrate the assumptions I'm going

102
00:05:37,650 --> 00:05:34,120
to avoid tidally heated planets there

103
00:05:39,840 --> 00:05:37,660
was a paper on this at UPS icon but

104
00:05:43,820 --> 00:05:39,850
tides are going to make the fire -

105
00:05:47,010 --> 00:05:43,830
inside hotter and more vigorous probably

106
00:05:49,680 --> 00:05:47,020
possibly lead to abundant surface

107
00:05:56,010 --> 00:05:49,690
volcanism which will also give us

108
00:05:59,880 --> 00:05:56,020
geochemical cycles okay if we use

109
00:06:03,120 --> 00:05:59,890
gravity as a size parameter we use

110
00:06:06,950 --> 00:06:03,130
Gauss's law we have the other advantage

111
00:06:10,800 --> 00:06:06,960
is that gravity for large planets scales

112
00:06:15,720 --> 00:06:10,810
to the square root rather than cube root

113
00:06:17,700 --> 00:06:15,730

of mass so a ton earth-mass planet will

114

00:06:21,210 --> 00:06:17,710

have about three times the gravity of

115

00:06:23,490 --> 00:06:21,220

the earth Mars which is about 1/10

116

00:06:26,190 --> 00:06:23,500

Earth's mass planet will have about 4

117

00:06:28,320 --> 00:06:26,200

tenths so we have a parameter that for

118

00:06:32,480 --> 00:06:28,330

the range of planets that we consider

119

00:06:35,660 --> 00:06:32,490

habitable it's not going to vary a lot

120

00:06:38,719 --> 00:06:35,670

this will also lead to some

121

00:06:48,589 --> 00:06:43,519

okay we have God's us law for gravity

122

00:06:54,529 --> 00:06:48,599

the gravitational flux from an object

123

00:06:58,079 --> 00:06:54,539

getting longer or not it is it is not as

124

00:07:02,489 --> 00:06:58,089

equal to four times G times the mass of

125

00:07:06,269 --> 00:07:02,499

the planet the equilibrium Heat fall has

126

00:07:08,489 --> 00:07:06,279

the same type of formula the equilibrium

127

00:07:11,909 --> 00:07:08,499

heat flow is a minimum heat flow an

128

00:07:16,829 --> 00:07:11,919

object can have where it will cool down

129

00:07:19,980 --> 00:07:16,839

rather than heat up planet during its

130

00:07:23,909 --> 00:07:19,990

history can only cool a few hundred K

131

00:07:26,699 --> 00:07:23,919

from a dream a hot and basically Cawley

132

00:07:30,689 --> 00:07:26,709

Maldon at the surface where it's too

133

00:07:33,779 --> 00:07:30,699

cold for having any serious tectonics so

134

00:07:36,449 --> 00:07:33,789

a heat wall being crudely imbalanced

135

00:07:40,320 --> 00:07:36,459

with radioactivity is something that

136

00:07:47,279 --> 00:07:40,330

will give us a scaling assumption and we

137

00:07:52,279 --> 00:07:47,289

can combine these and get the

138

00:07:55,670 --> 00:07:52,289

radioactive earth will it's again

139

00:08:01,259 --> 00:07:55,680

depending on the mass of the planet and

140

00:08:04,469 --> 00:08:01,269

we have something that's observable for

141

00:08:07,949 --> 00:08:04,479

the earth gravity for an object if we

142

00:08:14,519 --> 00:08:07,959

can determine about the size diameter is

143

00:08:16,769 --> 00:08:14,529

observable and the balance here will

144

00:08:20,519 --> 00:08:16,779

reflect a long-lasting state of the

145

00:08:23,369 --> 00:08:20,529

planet that the planet cools extremely

146

00:08:25,649 --> 00:08:23,379

fast at during and after accretion feels

147

00:08:29,029 --> 00:08:25,659

extremely fast anytime would farming

148

00:08:31,829 --> 00:08:29,039

impact but cool slowly at that kind of

149

00:08:35,939 --> 00:08:31,839

50 hundred pay four billion years of

150

00:08:38,120 --> 00:08:35,949

that order and has a crude balance

151

00:08:41,730 --> 00:08:38,130

between heat flow and review activity

152

00:08:44,309 --> 00:08:41,740

observe is long-lasting and if we look

153

00:08:47,250 --> 00:08:44,319

at a random planet we're going to see it

154

00:08:51,300 --> 00:08:47,260

in its long lasting state rather than

155

00:08:55,150 --> 00:08:51,310

the state that is in relatively briefly

156

00:08:58,320 --> 00:08:55,160

okay we get some simple scaling formulas

157

00:09:02,830 --> 00:08:58,330

out of this let the static pressure

158

00:09:05,110 --> 00:09:02,840

caprices a personal to gravity density

159

00:09:07,240 --> 00:09:05,120

this is the near surface density it's

160

00:09:11,050 --> 00:09:07,250

not going to very much for silicate

161

00:09:15,070 --> 00:09:11,060

planets the geothermal active to the

162

00:09:19,320 --> 00:09:15,080

surface temperature is proportional to

163

00:09:22,120 --> 00:09:19,330

the heat wall from the planet and hence

164

00:09:25,810 --> 00:09:22,130

proportional to the deep fall from

165

00:09:28,270 --> 00:09:25,820

radioactivity again increases with depth

166

00:09:30,730 --> 00:09:28,280

and is inversely proportional

167

00:09:33,670 --> 00:09:30,740

conductivity this is a rock property

168

00:09:35,560 --> 00:09:33,680

that's not going to vary much the

169

00:09:39,010 --> 00:09:35,570

surface temperature if we stick the

170

00:09:43,620 --> 00:09:39,020

palatable planets is not far from the

171

00:09:52,380 --> 00:09:43,630

freezing point of water and we can write

172

00:09:56,320 --> 00:09:52,390

the geothermal in terms of pressure and

173

00:10:00,130 --> 00:09:56,330

this means that if we plot things as a

174

00:10:01,780 --> 00:10:00,140

petrology pressure temperature graph

175

00:10:04,690 --> 00:10:01,790

is going to be to the first order

176

00:10:07,150 --> 00:10:04,700

invariant for planetary site if you have

177

00:10:10,000 --> 00:10:07,160

a pressure temperature geothermal earth

178

00:10:12,730 --> 00:10:10,010

it will work on Mars and we'll work on

179

00:10:14,290 --> 00:10:12,740

the super earth to the first order it

180

00:10:16,300 --> 00:10:14,300

will depend on the amount of

181

00:10:18,460 --> 00:10:16,310

radioactivity in the planet which will

182

00:10:22,390 --> 00:10:18,470

of course decrease as it's used up

183

00:10:24,700 --> 00:10:22,400

during its history but if we got a

184

00:10:27,100 --> 00:10:24,710

particular point in the evolution of a

185

00:10:31,050 --> 00:10:27,110

planet we have the same pressure

186

00:10:39,700 --> 00:10:35,500

okay we get other useful scalings from

187

00:10:44,980 --> 00:10:39,710

this the pressure at the base of all put

188

00:10:47,620 --> 00:10:44,990

the sphere early the maximum depth of

189

00:10:51,180 --> 00:10:47,630

the planet is dominated the junction is

190

00:10:57,700 --> 00:10:51,190

going to be invariant of planetary size

191

00:11:00,880 --> 00:10:57,710

we have a on the plot here we have a

192

00:11:03,170 --> 00:11:00,890

temperature pressure grid for the

193

00:11:06,290 --> 00:11:03,180

melding of basalt

194

00:11:09,440 --> 00:11:06,300

the f we have a given temperature in the

195

00:11:12,280 --> 00:11:09,450

interior the pressure we're melding

196

00:11:15,580 --> 00:11:12,290

starts is going to be invariant of

197

00:11:19,640 --> 00:11:15,590

planetary size a big super-earth may be

198

00:11:22,130 --> 00:11:19,650

hotter we put in a hotter finger and

199

00:11:24,860 --> 00:11:22,140

we'll get melting at a greater depth and

200

00:11:27,790 --> 00:11:24,870

more total melting the points B and C

201
00:11:31,100 --> 00:11:27,800
are the points where the total amount

202
00:11:34,330 --> 00:11:31,110
melt generated in a column equals the

203
00:11:37,070 --> 00:11:34,340
depth and that will be the depth of the

204
00:11:40,130 --> 00:11:37,080
top of the model of the base of the

205
00:11:43,700 --> 00:11:40,140
ocean crust if we plot anything else

206
00:11:47,960 --> 00:11:43,710
here that's pressure dependent thickness

207
00:11:52,690 --> 00:11:47,970
of oceanic crust depends on the pressure

208
00:11:58,190 --> 00:11:52,700
of where melting starts and hence will

209
00:12:00,950 --> 00:11:58,200
scale inversely with gravity thickness

210
00:12:04,070 --> 00:12:00,960
of continental crust the driving forces

211
00:12:13,360 --> 00:12:04,080
will see later to make top metal crust

212
00:12:15,770 --> 00:12:13,370
from the ridge will scale such that the

213
00:12:17,840 --> 00:12:15,780

thickness of continental crust will

214

00:12:20,480 --> 00:12:17,850

scale with the thickness of lettuce fare

215

00:12:23,630 --> 00:12:20,490

the segments of hydrothermally altered

216

00:12:29,660 --> 00:12:23,640

crusts scales with the pressure to close

217

00:12:32,270 --> 00:12:29,670

cracks and if we plot a collinear with

218

00:12:36,710 --> 00:12:32,280

the zone of hydrothermal alteration the

219

00:12:38,660 --> 00:12:36,720

salted crust the depleted mantle of

220

00:12:42,650 --> 00:12:38,670

melts heavily and the base of the

221

00:12:45,020 --> 00:12:42,660

lithosphere that diagram at a given

222

00:12:48,500 --> 00:12:45,030

interior temperature will be in varying

223

00:12:50,570 --> 00:12:48,510

the private area size though what we

224

00:12:53,690 --> 00:12:50,580

learned about the earth carries through

225

00:12:57,350 --> 00:12:53,700

one caveat is that the super earth in

226

00:12:59,780 --> 00:12:57,360

the interior may be hotter but then it

227

00:13:01,850 --> 00:12:59,790

will be like the earth early in its

228

00:13:06,290 --> 00:13:01,860

history when the interior is hotter we

229

00:13:12,170 --> 00:13:06,300

get good analogy here and we learn a lot

230

00:13:15,679 --> 00:13:12,180

fairly quick there's a socket scaling

231

00:13:17,600 --> 00:13:15,689

here that's even more universal

232

00:13:19,249 --> 00:13:17,610

the cool material you'll have to

233

00:13:22,519 --> 00:13:19,259

circulate it through the thermal

234

00:13:27,019 --> 00:13:22,529

boundary layer go let the spirit this is

235

00:13:29,419 --> 00:13:27,029

true of any large convective object the

236

00:13:32,329 --> 00:13:29,429

scaling with another proportionality

237

00:13:34,460 --> 00:13:32,339

constant would be true if we had a

238

00:13:37,460 --> 00:13:34,470

volcanic Li cold planet where the

239

00:13:41,150 --> 00:13:37,470

material erupts it has to a rough the

240

00:13:43,009 --> 00:13:41,160

cool we lose all the heat rather than

241

00:13:45,859 --> 00:13:43,019

just some in the lithosphere so there's

242

00:13:50,299 --> 00:13:45,869

a different proportionality constant so

243

00:13:53,329 --> 00:13:50,309

this time to circulate material form

244

00:13:56,030 --> 00:13:53,339

continental crust circulate material

245

00:13:58,840 --> 00:13:56,040

through the ridge axis where we know how

246

00:14:02,299 --> 00:13:58,850

material end up in the ocean crust

247

00:14:07,759 --> 00:14:02,309

produced enough volatile to recycle the

248

00:14:10,069 --> 00:14:07,769

ocean take material through the

249

00:14:13,009 --> 00:14:10,079

reservoir that forms hydrothermally

250

00:14:16,729 --> 00:14:13,019

altered crust all of this is invariant

251
00:14:19,909 --> 00:14:16,739
of planetary size and this is variance

252
00:14:23,449 --> 00:14:19,919
will depend on the cooling mechanism but

253
00:14:26,389 --> 00:14:23,459
is again there and we're dealing here

254
00:14:29,960 --> 00:14:26,399
with circulating material through the

255
00:14:32,749 --> 00:14:29,970
lithosphere the current scale time being

256
00:14:36,259 --> 00:14:32,759
couple billion years for the earth the

257
00:14:41,619 --> 00:14:36,269
scale time for anything else being the

258
00:14:49,579 --> 00:14:45,019
okay we need now to consider the

259
00:14:54,009 --> 00:14:49,589
tectonic mechanism any of our jobs it

260
00:14:57,019 --> 00:14:54,019
has to cool by conduct by convection

261
00:15:01,340 --> 00:14:57,029
conduction can dominate near the surface

262
00:15:05,359 --> 00:15:01,350
but the interior is simply too big to

263
00:15:11,650 --> 00:15:05,369

call over the regional age of the planet

264

00:15:15,799 --> 00:15:11,660

don't let CEA's group she balances

265

00:15:20,059 --> 00:15:15,809

matter wide forces it shows these are

266

00:15:22,879 --> 00:15:20,069

greater than the lithospheric forces and

267

00:15:25,129 --> 00:15:22,889

hence will have convection where it's

268

00:15:28,850 --> 00:15:25,139

controlled by the rate subscribe to

269

00:15:31,040 --> 00:15:28,860

think in the mantle O'Neill and on our

270

00:15:35,240 --> 00:15:31,050

cab models that effectively consider

271

00:15:38,620 --> 00:15:35,250

only forces in the lithosphere even

272

00:15:41,720 --> 00:15:38,630

though they're complicated and I show

273

00:15:46,760 --> 00:15:41,730

analytically that we can get into a

274

00:15:50,690 --> 00:15:46,770

state where plate tectonics only occurs

275

00:15:53,000 --> 00:15:50,700

in the on earth sized planets I'm going

276
00:15:54,640 --> 00:15:53,010
to again use gravity I'm going to derive

277
00:15:57,380 --> 00:15:54,650
results and going to illustrate

278
00:16:00,890 --> 00:15:57,390
assumptions and I got to come up with a

279
00:16:04,760 --> 00:16:00,900
displease result that were too ignorant

280
00:16:07,670 --> 00:16:04,770
of the earth to fully extrapolate regard

281
00:16:10,010 --> 00:16:07,680
come up with a pleasing result now if we

282
00:16:12,920 --> 00:16:10,020
don't have plate tectonics the interior

283
00:16:15,080 --> 00:16:12,930
is quite hot we'll still get lots of

284
00:16:19,090 --> 00:16:15,090
optimism will get geochemical cycles

285
00:16:22,250 --> 00:16:19,100
this will affect details but will not

286
00:16:27,530 --> 00:16:22,260
affect the fact that we have a Geo

287
00:16:30,890 --> 00:16:27,540
chemically active climate ok the heat

288
00:16:34,340 --> 00:16:30,900

flow through the lithosphere depends on

289

00:16:36,020 --> 00:16:34,350

this square root of plate by H law it

290

00:16:39,200 --> 00:16:36,030

depends on the temperature contrast

291

00:16:41,960 --> 00:16:39,210

across the lithosphere which will vary

292

00:16:44,360 --> 00:16:41,970

some but not a lot again because the

293

00:16:47,870 --> 00:16:44,370

planet is too cold we don't get sent

294

00:16:51,760 --> 00:16:47,880

Onix if the planet is too hot it cools

295

00:16:55,520 --> 00:16:51,770

extremely rapidly with a molten surface

296

00:16:57,890 --> 00:16:55,530

conductivity thermal diffusivity in the

297

00:17:01,580 --> 00:16:57,900

square root or material properties and

298

00:17:06,920 --> 00:17:01,590

we can write this dimensionally taking

299

00:17:09,020 --> 00:17:06,930

the term in the bracket to be the scale

300

00:17:11,270 --> 00:17:09,030

thickness of the lettuce fair and just

301

00:17:15,189 --> 00:17:11,280

getting the simple Fourier conduction

302

00:17:21,340 --> 00:17:19,090

okay to get subduction to go we have to

303

00:17:25,359 --> 00:17:21,350

have three things to work the slab has

304

00:17:28,059 --> 00:17:25,369

to bend with strains of order one the

305

00:17:30,460 --> 00:17:28,069

front megathrust the boundary between

306

00:17:33,789 --> 00:17:30,470

the slab and the are cast is leather

307

00:17:37,060 --> 00:17:33,799

sometimes slips and great soon tsunami

308

00:17:39,909 --> 00:17:37,070

earthquake so I can Sumatra I have slept

309

00:17:42,729 --> 00:17:39,919

one way or the other and the slab has to

310

00:17:45,879 --> 00:17:42,739

be able to kind of treat into the mouth

311

00:17:47,549 --> 00:17:45,889

and we don't really know on the earth

312

00:17:50,049 --> 00:17:47,559

which one of these is the rate-limiting

313

00:17:58,180 --> 00:17:50,059

process we know that all three have to

314

00:18:03,310 --> 00:17:58,190

occur okay to bend the slab simple way

315

00:18:05,830 --> 00:18:03,320

to model this is that we have a yield

316

00:18:07,720 --> 00:18:05,840

stress and a yield stress that acts over

317

00:18:10,299 --> 00:18:07,730

the thickness of the lithosphere and

318

00:18:12,879 --> 00:18:10,309

there has to be enough forces either

319

00:18:15,970 --> 00:18:12,889

from the buoyancy of the ridge axis or

320

00:18:23,739 --> 00:18:15,980

the negative buoyancy of the slab to

321

00:18:26,830 --> 00:18:23,749

allow this process to occur we also have

322

00:18:29,789 --> 00:18:26,840

subduction this depends on friction and

323

00:18:33,999 --> 00:18:29,799

it depends on friction that's related

324

00:18:37,779 --> 00:18:34,009

will coefficient of friction we know the

325

00:18:40,180 --> 00:18:37,789

coefficient friction of in fact rock we

326

00:18:43,899 --> 00:18:40,190

don't know the water crunch or piece of

327

00:18:47,320 --> 00:18:43,909

WF depth and I collected firms in here

328

00:18:52,060 --> 00:18:47,330

use that the pressure the lithostatic

329

00:18:55,119 --> 00:18:52,070

pressure is going to scale with depth

330

00:18:57,430 --> 00:18:55,129

and the scale thickness that this is

331

00:19:00,840 --> 00:18:57,440

going to act at is the scale thickness

332

00:19:05,499 --> 00:19:00,850

of the lithosphere and it's going to

333

00:19:07,899 --> 00:19:05,509

depend on gravity linearly the big point

334

00:19:10,889 --> 00:19:07,909

here is we don't know what the water

335

00:19:14,979 --> 00:19:10,899

pressure is so we don't know what this

336

00:19:26,440 --> 00:19:14,989

apparent coefficient of friction is new

337

00:19:34,990 --> 00:19:26,450

apparent ok we can solve

338

00:19:39,100 --> 00:19:35,000

for a driving force here the we have a

339

00:19:42,040 --> 00:19:39,110

driving force that's going to be

340

00:19:45,370 --> 00:19:42,050

proportional to the buoyancy of the slab

341

00:19:47,410 --> 00:19:45,380

a buoyancy of the ridge axis is going to

342

00:19:49,660 --> 00:19:47,420

be proportional temperature contrast

343

00:19:52,000 --> 00:19:49,670

proportional gravity proportional to

344

00:19:55,240 --> 00:19:52,010

thermal contraction coefficient I'm

345

00:19:57,400 --> 00:19:55,250

going to derive this on a later side

346

00:19:58,510 --> 00:19:57,410

that this is the classical Ridge push

347

00:20:02,050 --> 00:19:58,520

force

348

00:20:04,840 --> 00:20:02,060

buoyant material if it's not cannot

349

00:20:08,380 --> 00:20:04,850

sustain stressful but like the food I

350

00:20:11,110 --> 00:20:08,390

boil over water and we're assuming that

351

00:20:14,530 --> 00:20:11,120

this buoyancy force for the ridge is

352

00:20:17,590 --> 00:20:14,540

driving subduction if we solve this

353

00:20:21,100 --> 00:20:17,600

equation all the material parameters

354

00:20:23,050 --> 00:20:21,110

drop everything drops out except the

355

00:20:26,080 --> 00:20:23,060

temperature contrasts across the

356

00:20:28,510 --> 00:20:26,090

lithosphere the apparent coefficient of

357

00:20:30,670 --> 00:20:28,520

friction and the thermal expansion

358

00:20:33,700 --> 00:20:30,680

coefficient we're trying to get a

359

00:20:36,430 --> 00:20:33,710

numerical model this way we have to tune

360

00:20:41,230 --> 00:20:36,440

the numerical model which Armijo and an

361

00:20:43,240 --> 00:20:41,240

Arctic dead we cannot solve for the

362

00:20:46,320 --> 00:20:43,250

letting Pyrrhic thickness is a function

363

00:20:48,760 --> 00:20:46,330

of planetary gravity so kind of a

364

00:20:50,530 --> 00:20:48,770

partial influence here it should be

365

00:20:52,890 --> 00:20:50,540

tuned this to work on the earth that

366

00:20:57,370 --> 00:20:52,900

won't work on planets that are smaller

367

00:20:59,050 --> 00:20:57,380

or larger the other point in here is

368

00:21:01,210 --> 00:20:59,060

that we know what the thermal expansion

369

00:21:03,940 --> 00:21:01,220

coefficient is we know what the

370

00:21:06,930 --> 00:21:03,950

temperature contrast is we end up with a

371

00:21:12,430 --> 00:21:06,940

very small coefficient of friction of

372

00:21:14,650 --> 00:21:12,440

around for 100s which is too low to be

373

00:21:17,440 --> 00:21:14,660

for any reasonable material which means

374

00:21:26,560 --> 00:21:17,450

that we either need a dynamic weakening

375

00:21:28,780 --> 00:21:26,570

mechanism or we need to have a very high

376

00:21:31,660 --> 00:21:28,790

good pressure probably from subducted

377

00:21:34,090 --> 00:21:31,670

settlements so again something that we

378

00:21:35,360 --> 00:21:34,100

don't know a lot about the earth we know

379

00:21:38,330 --> 00:21:35,370

the subduction zone

380

00:21:40,610 --> 00:21:38,340

week on the earth but we don't you know

381

00:21:44,590 --> 00:21:40,620

kind of qualitatively why but certainly

382

00:21:47,390 --> 00:21:44,600

not quantitative clock ok the second out

383

00:21:54,430 --> 00:21:47,400

process I'm going to consider is the

384

00:21:57,710 --> 00:21:54,440

slab moving to viscous model if we solve

385

00:22:00,680 --> 00:21:57,720

the force balance equation between the

386

00:22:02,990 --> 00:22:00,690

slab and the resistance of the slab we

387

00:22:05,900 --> 00:22:03,000

get back the classical parametrize

388

00:22:09,050 --> 00:22:05,910

convection result the same one will

389

00:22:11,030 --> 00:22:09,060

apply to an ice of viscous fluid applies

390

00:22:14,300 --> 00:22:11,040

in this tape because the lithosphere is

391

00:22:15,590 --> 00:22:14,310

basically by assumption going on for a

392

00:22:18,350 --> 00:22:15,600

ride

393

00:22:25,190 --> 00:22:18,360

we get a very big slab it's going to be

394

00:22:26,960 --> 00:22:25,200

able possibly to overcome forces in the

395

00:22:29,540 --> 00:22:26,970

lithosphere like the friction and

396

00:22:32,720 --> 00:22:29,550

bending and all we have to consider is

397

00:22:35,410 --> 00:22:32,730

the fact that the slab can sink we see

398

00:22:39,560 --> 00:22:35,420

that we get gravity to the $1/3$ power

399

00:22:44,050 --> 00:22:39,570

here we need heat flow proportional to

400

00:22:46,610 --> 00:22:44,060

gravity to balance radioactivity the

401
00:22:50,570 --> 00:22:46,620
parameters here we can change or the

402
00:22:53,420 --> 00:22:50,580
temperature contrasts at the surface and

403
00:22:55,820 --> 00:22:53,430
the viscosity we increase the

404
00:22:59,740 --> 00:22:55,830
temperature and interior it decreases

405
00:23:03,020 --> 00:22:59,750
viscosity increases this so we need

406
00:23:05,630 --> 00:23:03,030
balance radioactivity with heat form the

407
00:23:08,930 --> 00:23:05,640
silver we need to have a hotter than the

408
00:23:10,730 --> 00:23:08,940
earth on site we get relatively robust

409
00:23:14,090 --> 00:23:10,740
result this is the blunt see at all

410
00:23:18,380 --> 00:23:14,100
result you have a big slab on a small

411
00:23:21,440 --> 00:23:18,390
planet we the tactic here and just show

412
00:23:24,260 --> 00:23:21,450
it here an outline is that the slab

413
00:23:27,020 --> 00:23:24,270

sinks the drives fall and the fall of

414

00:23:29,390 --> 00:23:27,030

the lithosphere is going on for the ride

415

00:23:31,010 --> 00:23:29,400

it's all fascitis producing the only

416

00:23:34,070 --> 00:23:31,020

driving force will put the plate in

417

00:23:36,770 --> 00:23:34,080

tension we get a big enough slab it's

418

00:23:40,250 --> 00:23:36,780

going to overcome any forces in the

419

00:23:43,250 --> 00:23:40,260

lithosphere and the metal is going to be

420

00:23:46,490 --> 00:23:43,260

the dominant balance and we're back to

421

00:23:56,390 --> 00:23:46,500

the simple classical parameter ice

422

00:23:58,370 --> 00:23:56,400

so okay the again just to reiterate we

423

00:24:00,470 --> 00:23:58,380

can strive the equation either from

424

00:24:04,610 --> 00:24:00,480

force balance or work balance like

425

00:24:07,159 --> 00:24:04,620

villain see it all does the work on the

426
00:24:09,620 --> 00:24:07,169
megathrust and the bending of the slab

427
00:24:14,210 --> 00:24:09,630
becomes negligible if we have a big

428
00:24:16,399 --> 00:24:14,220
enough slab plates become likely there's

429
00:24:19,909 --> 00:24:16,409
a physical problem with this is that the

430
00:24:23,630 --> 00:24:19,919
viscosity increases without that the

431
00:24:26,690 --> 00:24:23,640
slab may do mainly work deforming the

432
00:24:30,289 --> 00:24:26,700
deep model and not have much work left

433
00:24:32,360 --> 00:24:30,299
over to be transmitted to the slab that

434
00:24:35,390 --> 00:24:32,370
the viscosity immediately under though

435
00:24:39,049 --> 00:24:35,400
if this fear may be quite well the slab

436
00:24:41,870 --> 00:24:39,059
will drive the wall but the it'll

437
00:24:44,090 --> 00:24:41,880
basically be effectively like ball

438
00:24:46,250 --> 00:24:44,100

bearings between the model and Miletus

439

00:24:47,180 --> 00:24:46,260

fare and the slab may not be able to put

440

00:24:52,460 --> 00:24:47,190

the lithosphere

441

00:24:56,680 --> 00:24:52,470

under compression a second problem here

442

00:24:58,399 --> 00:24:56,690

is if we do a parameterised convention

443

00:25:01,279 --> 00:24:58,409

calculation for the earth and

444

00:25:05,510 --> 00:25:01,289

extrapolate back in time we get into

445

00:25:11,299 --> 00:25:05,520

royal trouble the current a most

446

00:25:13,190 --> 00:25:11,309

accepted geochemical estimate for the

447

00:25:18,080 --> 00:25:13,200

radioactivity in the earth would produce

448

00:25:20,630 --> 00:25:18,090

a web land heat for a 24 noah watts per

449

00:25:23,149 --> 00:25:20,640

meter square the model on the east fall

450

00:25:25,370 --> 00:25:23,159

is seventy milliwatts per meter squared

451

00:25:30,260 --> 00:25:25,380

so if we believe this the earth is

452

00:25:34,310 --> 00:25:30,270

pulling like 180 or over a hundred

453

00:25:38,060 --> 00:25:34,320

degrees 100 K per billion years if we

454

00:25:40,669 --> 00:25:38,070

try to extrapolate back in time we

455

00:25:42,590 --> 00:25:40,679

extrapolate it back in time the metals

456

00:25:45,649 --> 00:25:42,600

hotter we have even more vigorous

457

00:25:48,260 --> 00:25:45,659

Convention and we strap away we get back

458

00:25:52,250 --> 00:25:48,270

even a billion years and we have the

459

00:25:54,529 --> 00:25:52,260

whole inside of the planet molten we

460

00:25:57,840 --> 00:25:54,539

know we have basically tectonics like

461

00:26:00,570 --> 00:25:57,850

the present at the time

462

00:26:03,750 --> 00:26:00,580

we have to crank up the heat while over

463

00:26:06,600 --> 00:26:03,760

double the box silicate earth like that

464

00:26:10,050 --> 00:26:06,610

before we get an acceptable thermal

465

00:26:12,360 --> 00:26:10,060

history or the planet starts out how to

466

00:26:15,600 --> 00:26:12,370

what we know it's H to be a really 2h

467

00:26:18,450 --> 00:26:15,610

after the month in pipe so we got two

468

00:26:21,660 --> 00:26:18,460

things here two assumptions that sound

469

00:26:24,240 --> 00:26:21,670

very good that the Madol controls the

470

00:26:28,800 --> 00:26:24,250

rate of plate tectonics and we have this

471

00:26:30,990 --> 00:26:28,810

good estimate how they constraints from

472

00:26:33,390 --> 00:26:31,000

plasma chemistry humming constraints

473

00:26:35,940 --> 00:26:33,400

from all we can sample from the interior

474

00:26:39,630 --> 00:26:35,950

of the earth Falls cannot be right at

475

00:26:43,710 --> 00:26:39,640

the time we either have to have the

476

00:26:48,900 --> 00:26:43,720

radioactivity estimate wall by over a

477

00:26:50,730 --> 00:26:48,910

factor of two will soon the neutrino

478

00:26:53,250 --> 00:26:50,740

detectors anti neutrinos from

479

00:26:55,980 --> 00:26:53,260

radioactive decay in the earth so we

480

00:26:59,100 --> 00:26:55,990

will know the absolute radioactive heat

481

00:27:01,380 --> 00:26:59,110

generation we will know the absolute

482

00:27:05,640 --> 00:27:01,390

abundance of uranium and thorium in the

483

00:27:09,180 --> 00:27:05,650

earth and we'll be able to check to see

484

00:27:11,610 --> 00:27:09,190

if what it's right

485

00:27:14,940 --> 00:27:11,620

the alternative is this elegant

486

00:27:17,520 --> 00:27:14,950

assumption that the model if big we have

487

00:27:20,100 --> 00:27:17,530

big slabs sinking into a huge metal is

488

00:27:23,550 --> 00:27:20,110

wrong and that the plates really control

489

00:27:27,000 --> 00:27:23,560

the rate on your earth if that is the

490

00:27:30,060 --> 00:27:27,010

case the the assumption that Allen

491

00:27:35,930 --> 00:27:30,070

Arctic made could possibly destructive

492

00:27:41,940 --> 00:27:35,940

original control our we have the ultra

493

00:27:45,780 --> 00:27:41,950

tip here that we have control by the

494

00:27:49,170 --> 00:27:45,790

bending and a yield stress okay

495

00:27:53,520 --> 00:27:49,180

the ridge push force its relative given

496

00:27:56,220 --> 00:27:53,530

it already relatively easy to derive we

497

00:27:59,930 --> 00:27:56,230

cannot have the vertical pressure and a

498

00:28:04,140 --> 00:27:59,940

floating object and a surrounding fluid

499

00:28:08,880 --> 00:28:04,150

equal to the horizontal stress in in

500

00:28:10,520 --> 00:28:08,890

both viewing this in terms of work if we

501
00:28:13,430 --> 00:28:10,530
have

502
00:28:15,590 --> 00:28:13,440
if we had the solid here that was

503
00:28:19,580 --> 00:28:15,600
buoyant it would spread out like oil

504
00:28:22,820 --> 00:28:19,590
over wine in the case of the earth the

505
00:28:27,800 --> 00:28:22,830
ridges weeks are have a buoyant weak

506
00:28:30,050 --> 00:28:27,810
foot and we have a strong dense

507
00:28:33,560 --> 00:28:30,060
lithosphere so the lithosphere will be

508
00:28:36,050 --> 00:28:33,570
put into compression mathematically the

509
00:28:39,290 --> 00:28:36,060
stress resolving to stress times the

510
00:28:42,110 --> 00:28:39,300
thickness of the lithosphere is equal to

511
00:28:44,060 --> 00:28:42,120
this triangle that you formed by

512
00:28:47,480 --> 00:28:44,070
clotting the vertical stress in both

513
00:28:51,200 --> 00:28:47,490

objects the vertical and here is the

514

00:28:53,210 --> 00:28:51,210

elevation of our but the plates are in

515

00:28:55,790 --> 00:28:53,220

compression on the earth we know this

516

00:28:57,980 --> 00:28:55,800

from inner plate earthquakes so we have

517

00:29:01,670 --> 00:28:57,990

the possibility that this rich forst

518

00:29:04,040 --> 00:29:01,680

forst we want to go to europa we have

519

00:29:08,690 --> 00:29:04,050

our to the situation are drawn here to

520

00:29:12,380 --> 00:29:08,700

get a simpler analogy the thinnest ice

521

00:29:17,150 --> 00:29:12,390

on Europa is the weakest so we have a

522

00:29:20,570 --> 00:29:17,160

weak fluid against a strong boy and

523

00:29:23,030 --> 00:29:20,580

solid so the thick ice the high

524

00:29:33,230 --> 00:29:23,040

elevations in Europa will be in this

525

00:29:39,310 --> 00:29:33,240

membrane attention okay we can balance a

526

00:29:44,780 --> 00:29:39,320

yield stress against this Ridge push

527

00:29:48,860 --> 00:29:44,790

stress acting through the planet and in

528

00:29:53,960 --> 00:29:48,870

that case we get the thickness of the

529

00:29:56,630 --> 00:29:53,970

lithosphere scales to 1 over gravity the

530

00:29:59,390 --> 00:29:56,640

heat flow will scale to 1 over the let

531

00:30:01,820 --> 00:29:59,400

this old lithosphere thickness so in

532

00:30:05,480 --> 00:30:01,830

that case we get heat 12 scaling to

533

00:30:09,160 --> 00:30:05,490

gravity and that we have plate tectonics

534

00:30:12,880 --> 00:30:09,170

by this mechanism on the super earth

535

00:30:15,940 --> 00:30:12,890

where we get earth-like temperatures

536

00:30:19,880 --> 00:30:15,950

throughout its history and it basically

537

00:30:22,550 --> 00:30:19,890

behaves like the earth does where it has

538

00:30:24,710 --> 00:30:22,560

a lettuce pair of thinner thickness

539

00:30:27,680 --> 00:30:24,720

but the same pressure at the base of

540

00:30:31,340 --> 00:30:27,690

express everything in terms of pressure

541

00:30:33,830 --> 00:30:31,350

things work very simply for this the

542

00:30:41,380 --> 00:30:33,840

assumption here is that depending of a

543

00:30:48,050 --> 00:30:41,390

slab rather than the slip onvection

544

00:30:50,060 --> 00:30:48,060

okay back to the friction again we get

545

00:30:52,550 --> 00:30:50,070

the result in terms of material

546

00:30:55,250 --> 00:30:52,560

properties it doesn't and you can't say

547

00:30:58,790 --> 00:30:55,260

anything from that about the

548

00:31:01,910 --> 00:30:58,800

relationship to size but it went to

549

00:31:05,120 --> 00:31:01,920

model I can on the owner anodic one will

550

00:31:08,480 --> 00:31:05,130

just give fake tectonics on an object on

551

00:31:10,610 --> 00:31:08,490

a large object and earth size option

552

00:31:15,770 --> 00:31:10,620

cannot give plate tectonics on a big one

553

00:31:18,110 --> 00:31:15,780

or smaller and this is again the matura

554

00:31:20,690 --> 00:31:18,120

property again reminding us that we need

555

00:31:23,990 --> 00:31:20,700

a very low stress but your coefficient

556

00:31:26,720 --> 00:31:24,000

of friction we don't really understand

557

00:31:28,660 --> 00:31:26,730

why the coefficient of friction is low

558

00:31:33,070 --> 00:31:28,670

on the earth we understand qualitatively

559

00:31:37,610 --> 00:31:33,080

but certainly not quantitatively okay

560

00:31:40,750 --> 00:31:37,620

we've gone through I basically the

561

00:31:43,370 --> 00:31:40,760

Valencia doll model is matter wide

562

00:31:46,790 --> 00:31:43,380

driven flow by the effectively by the

563

00:31:49,580 --> 00:31:46,800

slab the O'Neill and Lonard ik is

564

00:31:54,650 --> 00:31:49,590

friction and balancing rich push force

565

00:31:59,540 --> 00:31:54,660

and we could see where we come from but

566

00:32:05,980 --> 00:31:59,550

we can't really extrapolate okay let's

567

00:32:09,860 --> 00:32:05,990

see about geochemical cycles we can have

568

00:32:11,990 --> 00:32:09,870

plates works nice on the earth if we're

569

00:32:15,590 --> 00:32:12,000

lucky enough to get plates things work

570

00:32:18,920 --> 00:32:15,600

fine if we have a volcanic planet we get

571

00:32:21,560 --> 00:32:18,930

very vigorous geochemical cycles we have

572

00:32:25,130 --> 00:32:21,570

very reactive material erupting to the

573

00:32:28,670 --> 00:32:25,140

surface we get Hydra straighted

574

00:32:30,650 --> 00:32:28,680

carbonated material melting at depth we

575

00:32:32,300 --> 00:32:30,660

get something that kinda looks like the

576
00:32:34,430 --> 00:32:32,310
earth and pot scientists have claimed

577
00:32:35,750 --> 00:32:34,440
the Archaean of the Earth may have

578
00:32:38,540 --> 00:32:35,760
behaved this way

579
00:32:40,490 --> 00:32:38,550
rather than strictly having plates if we

580
00:32:42,500 --> 00:32:40,500
have a stagnant lid prior that we can

581
00:32:45,650 --> 00:32:42,510
get that in two ways the thickness of

582
00:32:48,290 --> 00:32:45,660
continental crust is such that a cup

583
00:32:50,090 --> 00:32:48,300
volume of it you know big planets where

584
00:32:52,840 --> 00:32:50,100
raw material to make crust covers the

585
00:32:56,950 --> 00:32:52,850
whole planet or we can get in this

586
00:32:59,330 --> 00:32:56,960
friction dominated machine where we get

587
00:33:01,610 --> 00:32:59,340
something that may have some plate

588
00:33:04,490 --> 00:33:01,620

tectonics but it's sluggish can't

589

00:33:08,720 --> 00:33:04,500

transport the heat so we have a hot

590

00:33:11,630 --> 00:33:08,730

material the stagnant lid heat flow

591

00:33:14,210 --> 00:33:11,640

works okay because for it to get

592

00:33:18,290 --> 00:33:14,220

operated it works like the parameter ice

593

00:33:19,970 --> 00:33:18,300

convection result that I had before we

594

00:33:23,780 --> 00:33:19,980

have to have the interior of the planet

595

00:33:26,840 --> 00:33:23,790

quite hot to get the heat out of a super

596

00:33:31,010 --> 00:33:26,850

earth or even an earth-sized planet so

597

00:33:33,560 --> 00:33:31,020

we still get vulcanism we get a like ma

598

00:33:37,220 --> 00:33:33,570

maybe ma hot spot organism or I'll

599

00:33:38,840 --> 00:33:37,230

Balkan ism but we still have vulcanism

600

00:33:41,840 --> 00:33:38,850

we still get a perfectly good

601
00:33:44,690 --> 00:33:41,850
geochemical cycle effect the details

602
00:33:52,670 --> 00:33:44,700
about the gift but not affect what we

603
00:33:56,030 --> 00:33:52,680
get overall okay if we use a oh it's not

604
00:33:59,570 --> 00:33:56,040
a direct analog because gravity is not

605
00:34:02,060 --> 00:33:59,580
important there and actually behavior

606
00:34:04,040 --> 00:34:02,070
closer to stagnant letters I've driven

607
00:34:07,910 --> 00:34:04,050
convection will work for our large

608
00:34:10,280 --> 00:34:07,920
planet that the inside of the planet

609
00:34:12,940 --> 00:34:10,290
must fall because the inside is not

610
00:34:15,710 --> 00:34:12,950
going to be malt on the deep inside

611
00:34:20,210 --> 00:34:15,720
planet with large gravity large pressure

612
00:34:21,830 --> 00:34:20,220
at depth and will basically get

613
00:34:25,970 --> 00:34:21,840

convection where the rate of the

614

00:34:28,369 --> 00:34:25,980

convection staying that led our front of

615

00:34:30,800 --> 00:34:28,379

our classic parameterised convection

616

00:34:33,110 --> 00:34:30,810

formula will give close to the right

617

00:34:35,899 --> 00:34:33,120

result the vulcanism gets the heat out

618

00:34:38,000 --> 00:34:35,909

the last little bit to the left is fair

619

00:34:41,690 --> 00:34:38,010

but it's not the rate limiting stuff

620

00:34:43,490 --> 00:34:41,700

like it is ideal where the gravity

621

00:34:46,909 --> 00:34:43,500

causes the pressure to just slightly

622

00:34:48,780 --> 00:34:46,919

increase with depth we could totally Mel

623

00:34:50,580 --> 00:34:48,790

the silicate planet

624

00:34:53,100 --> 00:34:50,590

they'd get material where they get

625

00:34:57,440 --> 00:34:53,110

ultramafic material like olivine will

626
00:35:00,750 --> 00:34:57,450
give them alcohol and ocean or we could

627
00:35:03,990 --> 00:35:00,760
reclaim tigris material and get more

628
00:35:06,720 --> 00:35:04,000
granitic Magnus we could end up with the

629
00:35:10,710 --> 00:35:06,730
crust of the planet melting at its base

630
00:35:14,370 --> 00:35:10,720
and just simply that acting is a heat

631
00:35:16,860 --> 00:35:14,380
transfer mechanism we know that this has

632
00:35:22,290 --> 00:35:16,870
not happened in the last 3.8 billion

633
00:35:24,930 --> 00:35:22,300
years probably the last 4.2 or 4.3 where

634
00:35:27,420 --> 00:35:24,940
the interior huh was hot enough that

635
00:35:30,890 --> 00:35:27,430
we've had continuous melting everywhere

636
00:35:34,650 --> 00:35:30,900
at the base of the continental crust we

637
00:35:38,070 --> 00:35:34,660
know that simply because where we start

638
00:35:40,290 --> 00:35:38,080

to see rocks of 3/8 we're not getting

639

00:35:43,230 --> 00:35:40,300

continuous volcanic scumming out of the

640

00:35:45,960 --> 00:35:43,240

interior rather receive our regular

641

00:35:48,690 --> 00:35:45,970

sedimentary rocks and there's irk on

642

00:35:51,570 --> 00:35:48,700

sweets we see peeks of activity and peak

643

00:35:53,310 --> 00:35:51,580

supply elsens in the ancient sir con

644

00:35:55,380 --> 00:35:53,320

seats just like we do now they're a

645

00:35:56,720 --> 00:35:55,390

little bit peeps are a bit closer

646

00:35:59,280 --> 00:35:56,730

together

647

00:36:01,370 --> 00:35:59,290

we couldn't observe peaks that were a

648

00:36:05,430 --> 00:36:01,380

billion years of hardware we only have

649

00:36:08,730 --> 00:36:05,440

500 million years of record but we still

650

00:36:12,210 --> 00:36:08,740

have periods of high essence and periods

651
00:36:17,670 --> 00:36:12,220
of activity rather than continuous

652
00:36:20,580 --> 00:36:17,680
melting at the base of the crust the

653
00:36:23,760 --> 00:36:20,590
statement that volcanism again we have

654
00:36:26,040 --> 00:36:23,770
just a small layer that's not that has

655
00:36:29,130 --> 00:36:26,050
viscosity like the interior actually

656
00:36:33,870 --> 00:36:29,140
conducting leads to the interior being

657
00:36:35,970 --> 00:36:33,880
hotness of already mentioned okay we can

658
00:36:40,470 --> 00:36:35,980
compute ocean depth we make the

659
00:36:42,960 --> 00:36:40,480
assumption that most of the water in the

660
00:36:47,100 --> 00:36:42,970
planet Early's much of it ends up in the

661
00:36:52,020 --> 00:36:47,110
ocean on the earth one of the paradigms

662
00:36:55,530 --> 00:36:52,030
is that the earth model can only take so

663
00:36:57,810 --> 00:36:55,540

much water the subduction zone tries to

664

00:37:00,120 --> 00:36:57,820

spend down too much water we get melting

665

00:37:02,370 --> 00:37:00,130

at the island arc the island are

666

00:37:06,180 --> 00:37:02,380

volcanic comes up we get an eruption

667

00:37:08,850 --> 00:37:06,190

like mount st. Helen and the water is

668

00:37:10,980 --> 00:37:08,860

back at the surface this is that we have

669

00:37:13,860 --> 00:37:10,990

something like a coal trap and an old

670

00:37:16,170 --> 00:37:13,870

refrigerator this is a water trap that

671

00:37:17,280 --> 00:37:16,180

the whole model has to eventually pass

672

00:37:20,310 --> 00:37:17,290

through the regex

673

00:37:24,180 --> 00:37:20,320

subduction zone so we have a sluggish

674

00:37:27,510 --> 00:37:24,190

system but that the water gets back out

675

00:37:30,950 --> 00:37:27,520

at the subduction zone there various

676

00:37:33,450 --> 00:37:30,960

things that are basically we pipe

677

00:37:36,780 --> 00:37:33,460

reasoning that claim that you can get

678

00:37:39,780 --> 00:37:36,790

much more water in the model but this is

679

00:37:42,600 --> 00:37:39,790

basically the only hypothesis that

680

00:37:45,960 --> 00:37:42,610

really fully includes plate tectonics

681

00:37:48,420 --> 00:37:45,970

that may not necessarily be correct but

682

00:37:51,780 --> 00:37:48,430

it leaves there with a little bit of

683

00:37:54,680 --> 00:37:51,790

geometry the ocean depth scales with

684

00:37:57,990 --> 00:37:54,690

gravity the height of the topography

685

00:38:02,160 --> 00:37:58,000

again using the scaling relationships of

686

00:38:06,780 --> 00:38:02,170

driving force from the buoyancy of the

687

00:38:09,830 --> 00:38:06,790

ridge scales inversely with gravity and

688

00:38:14,970 --> 00:38:09,840

we have a small ocean it will protect I

689

00:38:18,630 --> 00:38:14,980

guess a small asteroid get up a big

690

00:38:20,730 --> 00:38:18,640

enough asteroid gets to vaporize the

691

00:38:23,280 --> 00:38:20,740

ocean it takes forever for it to rain

692

00:38:25,530 --> 00:38:23,290

out at the greenhouse special and we

693

00:38:29,810 --> 00:38:25,540

sterilized any subsurface from the

694

00:38:33,120 --> 00:38:29,820

residual there's no subsurface residual

695

00:38:36,360 --> 00:38:33,130

the ocean crust is thin that the water

696

00:38:40,980 --> 00:38:36,370

is deep these kind of cancel each other

697

00:38:43,860 --> 00:38:40,990

out big asteroid impact moderately big

698

00:38:46,110 --> 00:38:43,870

when they actually assume nate'll if we

699

00:38:48,840 --> 00:38:46,120

had a dry super earth where the ocean

700

00:38:53,070 --> 00:38:48,850

crust is thin then it would be easy to

701

00:38:55,950 --> 00:38:53,080

assume that we end up with lots of

702

00:39:00,740 --> 00:38:55,960

material tricks and Carnot's this is

703

00:39:03,360 --> 00:39:00,750

just Gauss's law for water we have the

704

00:39:05,430 --> 00:39:03,370

area of the planet scared the thickness

705

00:39:07,680 --> 00:39:05,440

of the ocean the density of the water is

706

00:39:09,930 --> 00:39:07,690

equal to the concentration of water in

707

00:39:12,810 --> 00:39:09,940

the planet times the mass of the planet

708

00:39:15,530 --> 00:39:12,820

and we solve for this and we get a

709

00:39:17,690 --> 00:39:15,540

proportionality to gravity

710

00:39:20,930 --> 00:39:17,700

firstly proportional to the density of

711

00:39:22,700 --> 00:39:20,940

water which is the material property we

712

00:39:25,180 --> 00:39:22,710

don't really know what the concentration

713

00:39:27,410 --> 00:39:25,190

of the water is and super-earth if

714

00:39:29,330 --> 00:39:27,420

anything it's going to be easier to

715

00:39:32,780 --> 00:39:29,340

accrete by a pulse on a big object

716

00:39:34,460 --> 00:39:32,790

rather than small on too much volatile

717

00:39:39,770 --> 00:39:34,470

gives us nothing tunes so there's going

718

00:39:43,610 --> 00:39:39,780

to be a limit to this but if we just

719

00:39:46,310 --> 00:39:43,620

take this a first order we're likely to

720

00:39:49,460 --> 00:39:46,320

end up with Waterworld on super earth

721

00:39:51,680 --> 00:39:49,470

where I'd be we have water or a world

722

00:39:54,050 --> 00:39:51,690

Europa in our own solar system we don't

723

00:39:56,810 --> 00:39:54,060

have an earth-sized Waterworld but

724

00:39:59,150 --> 00:39:56,820

considering a water world it's worth

725

00:40:01,940 --> 00:39:59,160

doing even if we don't find a super

726
00:40:06,700 --> 00:40:01,950
earth one because we made well find an

727
00:40:09,530 --> 00:40:06,710
earth-like one elsewhere okay we have

728
00:40:12,710 --> 00:40:09,540
processes of scale to gravitational

729
00:40:15,890 --> 00:40:12,720
potential and why the processes on a

730
00:40:19,190 --> 00:40:15,900
super earth is going to be very hard for

731
00:40:22,250 --> 00:40:19,200
hydrogen to get out and we may end up

732
00:40:25,160 --> 00:40:22,260
with a hydrogen-rich atmosphere rather

733
00:40:29,420 --> 00:40:25,170
than an strongly reducing atmosphere

734
00:40:34,940 --> 00:40:29,430
where co2 is a trace constituent rather

735
00:40:37,760 --> 00:40:34,950
than a fondant one the direct effects of

736
00:40:40,850 --> 00:40:37,770
a super-earth are dead

737
00:40:44,840 --> 00:40:40,860
barring microbes are really not affected

738
00:40:46,610 --> 00:40:44,850

directly by gravity large organisms if

739

00:40:50,270 --> 00:40:46,620

you've read any science fiction book

740

00:40:52,820 --> 00:40:50,280

football to where they add water

741

00:40:55,880 --> 00:40:52,830

organisms if they're large or neutrally

742

00:40:57,650 --> 00:40:55,890

buoyant and you go get start organizing

743

00:40:59,750 --> 00:40:57,660

some land

744

00:41:03,650 --> 00:40:59,760

the interesting thing here is the

745

00:41:07,490 --> 00:41:03,660

reducing atmosphere sediments dominated

746

00:41:12,760 --> 00:41:07,500

by carbon organic carbon rather than by

747

00:41:16,990 --> 00:41:12,770

carbonates and we're also going to have

748

00:41:20,150 --> 00:41:17,000

niches we can't have both lots of hot

749

00:41:23,810 --> 00:41:20,160

hydrogen and lots of co2 together on a

750

00:41:25,220 --> 00:41:23,820

common planet while the first life forms

751

00:41:27,410 --> 00:41:25,230

to evolve on the earth

752

00:41:31,910 --> 00:41:27,420

managin so they're relatively easily

753

00:41:36,560 --> 00:41:31,920

evolved and they will react hydrogen

754

00:41:40,040 --> 00:41:36,570

with co2 if we have a reducing planet

755

00:41:44,290 --> 00:41:40,050

where hydrogen is dominant co2 will

756

00:41:47,540 --> 00:41:44,300

become the light the limiting after

757

00:41:51,140 --> 00:41:47,550

photosynthesis would help you put in Sun

758

00:41:55,220 --> 00:41:51,150

energy to help grab the co2 but you're

759

00:41:57,680 --> 00:41:55,230

still have problems there are other

760

00:42:02,300 --> 00:41:57,690

Nicias here these are highly speculative

761

00:42:07,130 --> 00:42:02,310

a shopping list various ways here to you

762

00:42:08,840 --> 00:42:07,140

methane and water as a substrate to make

763

00:42:13,359 --> 00:42:08,850

organic matter with different

764

00:42:16,310 --> 00:42:13,369

intermediate steps monoxide is a poison

765

00:42:19,849 --> 00:42:16,320

icing Li it's very good high energy

766

00:42:25,430 --> 00:42:19,859

source very good for microbes that could

767

00:42:31,730 --> 00:42:25,440

make out of that we can make hydrogen an

768

00:42:34,490 --> 00:42:31,740

organic matter we can use co2 which is

769

00:42:39,800 --> 00:42:34,500

in short supply or carbon monoxide for

770

00:42:42,440 --> 00:42:39,810

intermediate steps we don't have

771

00:42:46,790 --> 00:42:42,450

organisms that do methane photosynthesis

772

00:42:50,210 --> 00:42:46,800

at least known on the earth but so it is

773

00:42:52,550 --> 00:42:50,220

a speculation the intermediate steps

774

00:42:58,170 --> 00:42:52,560

that got that part are no longer

775

00:43:08,740 --> 00:43:01,180

what other choices we can star an

776

00:43:16,860 --> 00:43:08,750

oxidant dumb choice is O_2 that oxygen

777

00:43:27,310 --> 00:43:22,480

making oxidants by gathering light we

778

00:43:30,400 --> 00:43:27,320

have organisms that do photosynthesis

779

00:43:33,730 --> 00:43:30,410

using FeO we have organisms that do

780

00:43:35,950 --> 00:43:33,740

photosynthesis doing sulfides we have

781

00:43:39,100 --> 00:43:35,960

none that I know of that directly makes

782

00:43:44,470 --> 00:43:39,110

hydrogen and store the oxygen for later

783

00:43:46,570 --> 00:43:44,480

use now we can get exotic manganese is

784

00:43:50,980 --> 00:43:46,580

hopefully involved in photosynthesis on

785

00:43:53,250 --> 00:43:50,990

the earth there's apparently no organism

786

00:43:57,790 --> 00:43:53,260

that makes a manganate or permanganate

787

00:44:01,210 --> 00:43:57,800

in photosynthesis there argan isn't that

788

00:44:05,350 --> 00:44:01,220

make nitrate from Mike right and

789

00:44:08,590 --> 00:44:05,360

photosynthesis we could make nitrates

790

00:44:10,840 --> 00:44:08,600

easy to star we could even star the

791

00:44:13,350 --> 00:44:10,850

organic matter and the nitrate together

792

00:44:17,230 --> 00:44:13,360

make something like night for cellulose

793

00:44:20,760 --> 00:44:17,240

nothing does that on the earth we can

794

00:44:25,300 --> 00:44:20,770

make calcium or manganese magnesium

795

00:44:27,880 --> 00:44:25,310

peroxide these are can be solid so to

796

00:44:32,400 --> 00:44:27,890

saturate the solution for the calcium

797

00:44:36,430 --> 00:44:32,410

one easy to star it's used on the earth

798

00:44:39,310 --> 00:44:36,440

it's not peroxides are heavily involved

799

00:44:42,070 --> 00:44:39,320

in biochemistry on the earth organisms

800

00:44:44,530 --> 00:44:42,080

can make and destroy them they don't use

801
00:44:47,320 --> 00:44:44,540
them as an energy resource as far as you

802
00:44:51,640 --> 00:44:47,330
know nothing gets its ATP as far as

803
00:44:55,120 --> 00:44:51,650
known out of oxide calcium peroxide is

804
00:44:57,700 --> 00:44:55,130
stable it has industrial uses like

805
00:45:00,700 --> 00:44:57,710
cleaning are like putting a rock on

806
00:45:02,350 --> 00:45:00,710
right seats and rice paddies so the

807
00:45:07,099 --> 00:45:02,360
environment around the right seed

808
00:45:13,679 --> 00:45:10,349
animals if we're going to get animals on

809
00:45:19,679 --> 00:45:13,689
our super earth if we like Ichi to call

810
00:45:22,769 --> 00:45:19,689
home planet did not lose lots of

811
00:45:25,679 --> 00:45:22,779
hydrogen escape when it was quite hot

812
00:45:30,839 --> 00:45:25,689
and accreting we may end up with a

813
00:45:35,459 --> 00:45:30,849

reducing metal the Earth's model is much

814

00:45:39,959 --> 00:45:35,469

more oxidized than the model Mars it

815

00:45:43,140 --> 00:45:39,969

slightly oxidized the movement which is

816

00:45:46,439 --> 00:45:43,150

reduced enough that it's close to

817

00:45:48,929 --> 00:45:46,449

equilibrium with iron nickel metal the

818

00:45:52,109 --> 00:45:48,939

model of death is also reduced so if we

819

00:45:55,049 --> 00:45:52,119

can't get hydrogen out during the

820

00:45:57,029 --> 00:45:55,059

accreting the model may stay reduced at

821

00:46:01,410 --> 00:45:57,039

high temperatures will still probably

822

00:46:04,259 --> 00:46:01,420

get slight amount co2 coming out of

823

00:46:07,679 --> 00:46:04,269

volcanoes just simply because you

824

00:46:09,829 --> 00:46:07,689

partition into all the easily produce

825

00:46:13,979 --> 00:46:09,839

species at a high enough temperature

826

00:46:18,900 --> 00:46:13,989

it's not a tempted to calculate any of

827

00:46:23,009 --> 00:46:18,910

these okay we have a question from Penn

828

00:46:28,019 --> 00:46:23,019

State I know I'm the chimp casting can

829

00:46:30,029 --> 00:46:28,029

you hear me out and Claire yeah so

830

00:46:31,979 --> 00:46:30,039

you're you conclude that these super

831

00:46:35,160 --> 00:46:31,989

Earths will have reduced atmospheres

832

00:46:37,079 --> 00:46:35,170

with lots of methane you know that's

833

00:46:38,910 --> 00:46:37,089

true on giant planets but those

834

00:46:41,759 --> 00:46:38,920

atmospheres are infinitely deep

835

00:46:44,609 --> 00:46:41,769

essentially so that methane is reformed

836

00:46:46,380 --> 00:46:44,619

at depth these atmospheres of theory if

837

00:46:48,299 --> 00:46:46,390

the planets are habitable are not that

838

00:46:50,999 --> 00:46:48,309

deep it's not that easy to make methane

839

00:46:53,279 --> 00:46:51,009

in the atmosphere but it is easy to

840

00:47:04,349 --> 00:46:53,289

destroy it photochemically I mean what's

841

00:47:08,579 --> 00:47:04,359

the source for the methane a biotic Lea

842

00:47:10,949 --> 00:47:08,589

their other source the methane would be

843

00:47:14,069 --> 00:47:10,959

that we have very vigorous tectonics of

844

00:47:17,910 --> 00:47:14,079

any of the methane haze Falls to the

845

00:47:19,020 --> 00:47:17,920

surface the materials very soon if it's

846

00:47:23,790 --> 00:47:19,030

not Eden is going

847

00:47:28,290 --> 00:47:23,800

gets abducted worse abducting material

848

00:47:30,680 --> 00:47:28,300

into a presumably hydrous model so we

849

00:47:36,710 --> 00:47:30,690

should get some methane back at the heat

850

00:47:41,790 --> 00:47:39,270

approximation look at it kinetically

851
00:47:44,940 --> 00:47:41,800
because you know if you've got hydrogen

852
00:47:47,240 --> 00:47:44,950
escaping to space probably coming from

853
00:47:50,370 --> 00:47:47,250
water that gives you a source of oxygen

854
00:47:53,220 --> 00:47:50,380
not pre oxygen but enough oxygen to

855
00:47:54,960 --> 00:47:53,230
oxidize some of that methane to co2 so

856
00:47:57,270 --> 00:47:54,970
I'm not that convinced it would be that

857
00:47:59,940 --> 00:47:57,280
different from the early Earth the a

858
00:48:03,780 --> 00:47:59,950
body I agree with your scenario

859
00:48:07,290 --> 00:48:03,790
completely for the earth there's going

860
00:48:10,080 --> 00:48:07,300
to be a significantly high gravitational

861
00:48:12,420 --> 00:48:10,090
potential where it becomes difficult for

862
00:48:15,870 --> 00:48:12,430
hydrogen to get out I there's

863
00:48:19,640 --> 00:48:15,880

disagreement like with the between Dave

864

00:48:23,310 --> 00:48:19,650

cowling that and with the TMO all paper

865

00:48:26,910 --> 00:48:23,320

on whether the efficacy of hydrogen

866

00:48:30,390 --> 00:48:26,920

escape even from the earth

867

00:48:34,140 --> 00:48:30,400

so I basically taken an agnostic

868

00:48:38,760 --> 00:48:34,150

position there but recognized that we

869

00:48:41,270 --> 00:48:38,770

may get a reducing planet so we need to

870

00:48:43,650 --> 00:48:41,280

think about it and I agree kinetics

871

00:48:47,520 --> 00:48:43,660

considering what really happens in the

872

00:48:49,770 --> 00:48:47,530

atmosphere and then throwing relatively

873

00:48:52,830 --> 00:48:49,780

simple life forms into it it's the right

874

00:48:55,680 --> 00:48:52,840

wait involved I just did the simplest

875

00:48:58,650 --> 00:48:55,690

gases I could think of that would farm

876

00:49:01,320 --> 00:48:58,660

if we had a reducing atmosphere okay I

877

00:49:03,180 --> 00:49:01,330

agree I've got fun Ken visiting this

878

00:49:10,250 --> 00:49:03,190

week so fun we need to do that

879

00:49:16,980 --> 00:49:12,870

okay do we have any questions here in

880

00:49:23,650 --> 00:49:16,990

nai central we have a room fo Kevin's on

881

00:49:25,720 --> 00:49:23,660

Lake the largest planet

882

00:49:27,670 --> 00:49:25,730

have more and I imagine that every

883

00:49:34,109 --> 00:49:27,680

parcel I bring to the surface from the

884

00:49:40,200 --> 00:49:37,870

was in my model right and so I have the

885

00:49:52,569 --> 00:49:40,210

surface to volume ratio would give me a

886

00:50:10,589 --> 00:49:52,579

larger amount of he'll spread out and

887

00:50:15,400 --> 00:50:13,420

couple things here the we don't know the

888

00:50:19,450 --> 00:50:15,410

efficacy which the continent will get

889

00:50:22,270 --> 00:50:19,460

lease abductive we have more material to

890

00:50:26,520 --> 00:50:22,280

make it if we end up in that case we'll

891

00:50:30,579 --> 00:50:26,530

end up with probably a continental

892

00:50:32,559 --> 00:50:30,589

vulcanism dominated planet with some

893

00:50:39,329 --> 00:50:32,569

basaltic volcanism that makes it up

894

00:50:41,500 --> 00:50:39,339

through we have-we eppley the planets

895

00:50:47,980 --> 00:50:41,510

well have the planet covered with

896

00:50:50,440 --> 00:50:47,990

volcanoes yes yes we will not get shale

897

00:50:52,870 --> 00:50:50,450

will not get Paul mountains if you want

898

00:50:56,230 --> 00:50:52,880

something like the Appalachians the

899

00:50:58,180 --> 00:50:56,240

aliens there will have to put out their

900

00:51:01,569 --> 00:50:58,190

low gravity suit and travel to the earth

901
00:51:06,700 --> 00:51:01,579
you will not have this you will not get

902
00:51:11,440 --> 00:51:06,710
the basic classes of sedimentary rocks

903
00:51:14,980 --> 00:51:11,450
we will not get organisms that evolved

904
00:51:18,760 --> 00:51:14,990
to do soil weathering will have some

905
00:51:20,950 --> 00:51:18,770
organisms that evolved to whether the

906
00:51:23,890 --> 00:51:20,960
whatever rock they find on the base of

907
00:51:28,299 --> 00:51:23,900
the ocean but will still have things

908
00:51:30,549 --> 00:51:28,309
recycle but we will get a little

909
00:51:33,430 --> 00:51:30,559
offending land we may end up with the

910
00:51:35,280 --> 00:51:33,440
continental crust getting from a DAT

911
00:51:38,310 --> 00:51:35,290
culkin ism can get through

912
00:51:41,490 --> 00:51:38,320
Bahria that may get swamped and gets

913
00:51:44,640 --> 00:51:41,500

abducted so they're both enemies for

914

00:51:50,490 --> 00:51:44,650

here but this line of continental crust

915

00:51:52,410 --> 00:51:50,500

and ocean as definitely a possibility a

916

00:51:57,390 --> 00:51:52,420

possibility that we'll have geochemical

917

00:52:00,090 --> 00:51:57,400

cycles but not plates we have a question

918

00:52:02,550 --> 00:52:00,100

from Jack Lutz our you made a

919

00:52:05,280 --> 00:52:02,560

super-earth from generally more

920

00:52:11,430 --> 00:52:05,290

refractory material so you have a

921

00:52:14,850 --> 00:52:11,440

reasonable amount of water what would be

922

00:52:16,710 --> 00:52:14,860

what would be like most of the current

923

00:52:20,370 --> 00:52:16,720

hiopro comes from the uranium and

924

00:52:23,460 --> 00:52:20,380

thorium so if you if you make it more

925

00:52:25,470 --> 00:52:23,470

refractory you'll get more of that you

926

00:52:28,550 --> 00:52:25,480

lose a little bit of potassium so the

927

00:52:32,130 --> 00:52:28,560

radioactivity will be just a bit hotter

928

00:52:35,850 --> 00:52:32,140

the radioactivity declines by a factor

929

00:52:38,910 --> 00:52:35,860

of a few over the Prentice age so I

930

00:52:47,760 --> 00:52:38,920

think I'll have a modest effect if we

931

00:52:50,970 --> 00:52:47,770

end up getting we very little material

932

00:52:54,180 --> 00:52:50,980

to make crust the part of the crust is

933

00:52:56,330 --> 00:52:54,190

aluminium and calcium which is silica

934

00:52:58,890 --> 00:52:56,340

which we have officer I have plenty up

935

00:53:00,960 --> 00:52:58,900

we'd end up with something that's more

936

00:53:02,990 --> 00:53:00,970

like a plaid your granite the granite

937

00:53:07,940 --> 00:53:03,000

formed at the mid-ocean ridge axis

938

00:53:14,880 --> 00:53:07,950

sodium granite than a classic granite

939

00:53:17,730 --> 00:53:14,890

again going to affect details the long

940

00:53:19,130 --> 00:53:17,740

as we have some trace potassium that

941

00:53:22,950 --> 00:53:19,140

will be available as a biological

942

00:53:25,380 --> 00:53:22,960

element that almost all the potassium of

943

00:53:28,370 --> 00:53:25,390

the earth even near the surface is not

944

00:53:35,340 --> 00:53:32,490

yeah the Amazon Arnulfo region with a

945

00:53:37,800 --> 00:53:35,350

soils are almost quantitatively depleted

946

00:53:43,160 --> 00:53:37,810

of pass him yep

947

00:53:50,130 --> 00:53:47,670

we have another question in art I know

948

00:53:52,560 --> 00:53:50,140

him this is Dave again I had a question

949

00:53:54,240 --> 00:53:52,570

it's so the idea is that maybe the super

950

00:53:56,190 --> 00:53:54,250

earth would be rather like the ad on

951
00:53:58,230 --> 00:53:56,200
earth that but maybe persisting for a

952
00:53:59,730 --> 00:53:58,240
longer period of time in that state but

953
00:54:01,950 --> 00:53:59,740
then the flip side of that is that the

954
00:54:04,140 --> 00:54:01,960
ad and earth might be rather like the

955
00:54:06,030 --> 00:54:04,150
super planet in the sense that you'd

956
00:54:07,740 --> 00:54:06,040
have this pervasive ocean so do you

957
00:54:09,690 --> 00:54:07,750
think that actually is some insight for

958
00:54:12,870 --> 00:54:09,700
the nature of the Haidee and earth in

959
00:54:17,790 --> 00:54:12,880
this I think so that it

960
00:54:20,310 --> 00:54:17,800
we might not has been probably not as

961
00:54:23,960 --> 00:54:20,320
reducing on the hit a and earth we

962
00:54:26,280 --> 00:54:23,970
probably did not get a Percival wide

963
00:54:30,240 --> 00:54:26,290

continent even though people of argue

964

00:54:39,270 --> 00:54:30,250

that we did that's just mass balance

965

00:54:43,110 --> 00:54:39,280

unlikely and we may have well had they

966

00:54:47,540 --> 00:54:43,120

at least appeared in our kyun something

967

00:54:51,030 --> 00:54:47,550

were exterminated by volcanic s-- rather

968

00:54:53,270 --> 00:54:51,040

than by plates but in the D in

969

00:54:58,610 --> 00:54:53,280

particular people have even argued that

970

00:55:02,480 --> 00:54:58,620

for the okiya we get surface weathering

971

00:55:05,490 --> 00:55:02,490

probably by 3/8 sensors well-preserved

972

00:55:08,460 --> 00:55:05,500

shales with sedimentary structures by

973

00:55:11,820 --> 00:55:08,470

them and arguments from the Zutons that

974

00:55:15,960 --> 00:55:11,830

we have some surficial weathering a33 of

975

00:55:18,870 --> 00:55:15,970

4-3 or so so not a complete a toward the

976

00:55:23,160 --> 00:55:18,880

tectonically somewhat of a like the

977

00:55:27,750 --> 00:55:23,170

earth gets hot not hot enough inside and

978

00:55:30,060 --> 00:55:27,760

enough heat loss radioactivity plate

979

00:55:44,830 --> 00:55:30,070

tectonics or the simple form is no

980

00:55:51,710 --> 00:55:49,130

about that if you're in the limit of

981

00:55:58,270 --> 00:55:51,720

diffusion limited hydrogen escape which

982

00:56:11,030 --> 00:56:01,400

that's governed by buoyancy so the

983

00:56:24,650 --> 00:56:11,040

bigger the gravity of separating

984

00:56:26,630 --> 00:56:24,660

hydrogen okay okay baby rock I get

985

00:56:42,650 --> 00:56:26,640

Jeffers how about a stroke needs to do

986

00:56:44,810 --> 00:56:42,660

this worse even if it's not the soup

987

00:56:47,050 --> 00:56:44,820

earth were considering what a very

988

00:56:50,540 --> 00:56:47,060

reduced end of a planet would be we have

989

00:56:54,500 --> 00:56:50,550

we have Titan on our own solar system

990

00:56:59,090 --> 00:56:54,510

that does not have a silicate surface

991

00:57:02,600 --> 00:56:59,100

but may well have a water ocean so if we

992

00:57:04,610 --> 00:57:02,610

go deep enough into Titan we start to

993

00:57:06,500 --> 00:57:04,620

approach these conditions even on the

994

00:57:11,960 --> 00:57:06,510

inside is probably not extremely

995

00:57:11,970 --> 00:57:16,849

okay Jim you have your assignment Oh

996

00:57:26,010 --> 00:57:20,099

long do you want to say anything about

997

00:57:37,230 --> 00:57:26,020

that well I'd love to do that some kind

998

00:57:41,640 --> 00:57:37,240

of hard to do okay do we have any other

999

00:57:43,530 --> 00:57:41,650

hands raised Marco and WebEx okay if

1000

00:57:45,480 --> 00:57:43,540

anybody would like to just jump in with

1001
00:57:49,920 --> 00:57:45,490
the question just open your mic and go

1002
00:57:51,540 --> 00:57:49,930
ahead Noren to say again add the

1003
00:57:53,400 --> 00:57:51,550
question about the Hadean on the earth

1004
00:57:56,700 --> 00:57:53,410
do you think the more globally pervasive

1005
00:58:02,370 --> 00:57:56,710
ocean is an interesting concept that has

1006
00:58:05,760 --> 00:58:02,380
some merit to it enough we call Galileo

1007
00:58:10,710 --> 00:58:05,770
this kind of a subtle effect here that

1008
00:58:13,579 --> 00:58:10,720
the Obito of the ocean is lower than the

1009
00:58:15,839 --> 00:58:13,589
albedo of the terrestrial deserts

1010
00:58:23,210 --> 00:58:15,849
apparently this is visible with the

1011
00:58:27,660 --> 00:58:23,220
naked eye when the crescent moon is over

1012
00:58:29,460 --> 00:58:27,670
the terrestrial deserts the earth shine

1013
00:58:31,559 --> 00:58:29,470

is brighter than when it's over the

1014

00:58:35,599 --> 00:58:31,569

ocean this is in Galileo and the

1015

00:58:40,079 --> 00:58:35,609

dialogues so this is at least a partial

1016

00:58:45,329 --> 00:58:40,089

way around their weak young Sun paradox

1017

00:58:47,490 --> 00:58:45,339

is that a mostly ocean covered planet

1018

00:58:51,720 --> 00:58:47,500

would have sard morrow of a sunlight

1019

00:58:54,390 --> 00:58:51,730

rather than reflective and there's also

1020

00:58:58,800 --> 00:58:54,400

a daisyworld thing here for the earth if

1021

00:59:01,620 --> 00:58:58,810

we have a anoxygenic or the iron based

1022

00:59:06,000 --> 00:59:01,630

photosynthetic microbial mat covering

1023

00:59:10,440 --> 00:59:06,010

the planets desert front as a low albedo

1024

00:59:13,380 --> 00:59:10,450

compared to reflective still desert the

1025

00:59:15,680 --> 00:59:13,390

Egyptians raised goats they've been able

1026

00:59:19,230 --> 00:59:15,690

to get rid of the desert crust in the

1027

00:59:24,030 --> 00:59:19,240

Sinai and it's 2 degrees centigrade or

1028

00:59:27,840 --> 00:59:24,040

than the Israeli Sinai where they

1029

00:59:31,770 --> 00:59:27,850

now over grazing braig um so you can end

1030

00:59:34,800 --> 00:59:31,780

up with this daisyworld situation where

1031

00:59:37,110 --> 00:59:34,810

the microbial mats will spread warming

1032

00:59:39,030 --> 00:59:37,120

the temperature of the planet and do

1033

00:59:41,010 --> 00:59:39,040

they cover enough of the planet that

1034

00:59:43,880 --> 00:59:41,020

they get warm enough that they're

1035

00:59:47,760 --> 00:59:43,890

limited by desiccation and then this

1036

00:59:50,160 --> 00:59:47,770

stable buffer of temperature will occur

1037

00:59:51,540 --> 00:59:50,170

at the point of desiccation at the warm

1038

00:59:54,330 --> 00:59:51,550

end of the daisyworld

1039

00:59:58,800 --> 00:59:54,340

rather than the cold freezing it so

1040

01:00:04,320 --> 00:59:58,810

there is a potential Gihon like

1041

01:00:07,590 --> 01:00:04,330

mechanism here I think there's a work of

1042

01:00:12,780 --> 01:00:07,600

Blair hedges on the family tree alight

1043

01:00:15,720 --> 01:00:12,790

some evidence of cyanobacteria evolved

1044

01:00:18,540 --> 01:00:15,730

on land from soil bacteria and fire and

1045

01:00:22,280 --> 01:00:18,550

evolved from an ecosystem that

1046

01:00:24,720 --> 01:00:22,290

originally and it was doing an toxigenic

1047

01:00:29,040 --> 01:00:24,730

photosynthesis so probably thoroughly

1048

01:00:31,770 --> 01:00:29,050

early on before 3/8 we had the

1049

01:00:37,250 --> 01:00:31,780

continents covered by these micro

1050

01:00:40,440 --> 01:00:37,260

pervasive microbial mats anoxygenic

1051

01:00:43,620 --> 01:00:40,450

photosynthesis getting the iron out is a

1052

01:00:49,290 --> 01:00:43,630

big prize you need four irons to make

1053

01:00:51,630 --> 01:00:49,300

one organic carbon so we may have had an

1054

01:00:54,480 --> 01:00:51,640

ethical system that would have evolved

1055

01:00:59,190 --> 01:00:54,490

and eventually ended up with the soil

1056

01:01:03,090 --> 01:00:59,200

bacteria cyanobacteria would evolve to

1057

01:01:05,550 --> 01:01:03,100

be able to inhabit low iron Regents that

1058

01:01:07,440 --> 01:01:05,560

were the AFOL to the eventual weathering

1059

01:01:10,560 --> 01:01:07,450

melting and tectonics whole iron

1060

01:01:13,710 --> 01:01:10,570

Granite's low iron shales borne court

1061

01:01:16,290 --> 01:01:13,720

sites where there would be a strong

1062

01:01:22,380 --> 01:01:16,300

selective pressure for an organism with

1063

01:01:25,950 --> 01:01:22,390

that ability and the evidence for this

1064

01:01:29,910 --> 01:01:25,960

is that the cyanobacteria seem to be

1065

01:01:32,210 --> 01:01:29,920

related to bacteria that are originally

1066

01:01:35,819 --> 01:01:32,220

and still primarily have a

1067

01:01:38,700 --> 01:01:35,829

all probably combining through organisms

1068

01:01:41,279 --> 01:01:38,710

that have the ability inadvertently to

1069

01:01:45,809 --> 01:01:41,289

make a little bit of oxygen and when it

1070

01:01:49,380 --> 01:01:45,819

gets the ability to make a lot of any

1071

01:01:52,890 --> 01:01:49,390

bit more becomes valuable each oxygen

1072

01:01:55,380 --> 01:01:52,900

you make that means you don't even need

1073

01:01:57,870 --> 01:01:55,390

for ions which is a big deal when you in

1074

01:02:02,160 --> 01:01:57,880

your iron limited in the ocean there be

1075

01:02:04,140 --> 01:02:02,170

iron and sulfide around so the it

1076

01:02:08,370 --> 01:02:04,150

becomes less advantageous to do an

1077

01:02:10,980 --> 01:02:08,380

oxygen photosynthesis you the producing

1078

01:02:14,430 --> 01:02:10,990

an oxidant that you don't immediately

1079

01:02:16,620 --> 01:02:14,440

get back yourself it's not it does not

1080

01:02:23,430 --> 01:02:16,630

become a storehouse of energy so it

1081

01:02:26,609 --> 01:02:23,440

becomes beyond my new quantity in the

1082

01:02:30,960 --> 01:02:26,619

air if you forgive ferric iron and it

1083

01:02:33,809 --> 01:02:30,970

stays around microbial mat you get

1084

01:02:36,359 --> 01:02:33,819

benefit from that your close call no

1085

01:02:37,740 --> 01:02:36,369

relatives benefit from that oxidant that

1086

01:02:42,840 --> 01:02:37,750

you've just made if you can do the

1087

01:02:42,850 --> 01:02:48,810

any more questions

1088

01:02:56,970 --> 01:02:53,450

okay then let me remind you that the

1089

01:02:59,400 --> 01:02:56,980

this seminar will be archived it'll be

1090

01:03:01,680 --> 01:02:59,410

available and up on the NA our website

1091

01:03:04,830 --> 01:03:01,690

probably in about 3-4 days certainly by

1092

01:03:07,020 --> 01:03:04,840

next week and anybody who missed it this

1093

01:03:10,100 --> 01:03:07,030

time or who wants to hear it again will

1094

01:03:13,860 --> 01:03:10,110

have the opportunity to in perpetuity

1095

01:03:15,960 --> 01:03:13,870

and once again the next nai director

1096

01:03:17,460 --> 01:03:15,970

seminar will be given by Jack szostak of

1097

01:03:20,730 --> 01:03:17,470

Hubbard University in Massachusetts

1098

01:03:23,190 --> 01:03:20,740

General Hospital and that will be on

1099

01:03:27,480 --> 01:03:23,200

Monday November 3rd same time same

1100

01:03:33,360 --> 01:03:27,490

channel and one last opportunity for

1101

01:03:40,470 --> 01:03:33,370

questions to norm going once going twice